

## NewsJournal

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## Controversy Over Vitamin D Board Selections.

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The Institute of Medicine (IOM) has quietly announced composition of the next vitamin D Food and Nutrition Board (FNB), a committee that will set recommendations for both adequate intake and upper limits well into the next decade.

Unfortunately, the scientists who have led the vitamin D revolution for the last ten years are all excluded. The debarred include. Drs. Vieth. Giovannucci, Garland, Hollis, Heaney, Wagner, Norman, Hankinson, Whitting, Hanley, etc.. For example, Dr. Hollis actually wrote and received an FDA Investigational New Drug (IND) for vitamin D in 2003 that has allowed both him and many other investigators to perform vitamin D studies with doses well above the current upper limits. Why is he not on the committee? Dr. Vieth has performed many of the recent upper limit pharmacological dosing studies in humans. Why did the IOM exclude Dr. Vieth?

Many of the excluded experts recently criticized the IOM using the strongest language to date: "Astonishingly, the FNB says that the adequate intake for vitamin D is the same for the largest pregnant woman as for the smallest premature infant (200 IU/d), frightening advice for pregnant women, in light of animal studies that showed that gestational vitamin D deficiency causes both neuronal injury and autistic-like gross morphological changes in the brains of offspring. Furthermore, the FNB upper limits for a 1-year-old, 9-kg (20 lb) child and a 30-year-old, 135-kg (300 lb) adult are also the same

2.000 IU/d and are based on their selective focus on one flawed study. Ample new data from well-conducted clinical trials support raising the upper limit to 10,000 IU. The 1997 FNB recommendations offend the most basic principles of pharmacology toxicology, leading us to and conclude that the current official guidelines and limitations for vitamin intakes are scientifically D indefensible."

Are these statements the reason the IOM exluded these vitamin D experts? Perhaps the IOM dislikes criticism more than it loves candor? If any member of the new board disagrees with the consensus of the board, will that scientist be allowed to produce a minority opinion without risking the loss of research grants in the future?

## References:

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